

**REPORT**

Name	: Mrs. SWAPNA	Sample ID	: 24753808
Age/Gender	: 28 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312311220009
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 22-Nov-2023 09:55 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 22-Nov-2023 01:02 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 22-Nov-2023 02:56 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

**HAEMATOLOGY**

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
<b>Blood Grouping (A B O)</b>	B			Tube Agglutination
<b>Rh Typing</b>	Positive			Tube Agglutination

**Comments:**

Blood group ABO & Rh test identifies your blood group & type of Rh factor. There are four major blood groups- A, B, AB, and O. It is important to know your blood group as you may need a transfusion of blood or blood components; you may want to donate your blood ; before or during a woman's pregnancy to determine the risk of Rh mismatch with the fetus.

**Note:** Both Forward and Reverse Grouping Performed .

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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\*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD

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Swarnabala .M  
DR.SWARNA BALA  
MD PATHOLOGY

**REPORT**

Name	: Mrs. SWAPNA	Sample ID	: 24753807
Age/Gender	: 28 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312311220009
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 22-Nov-2023 09:55 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 22-Nov-2023 01:02 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 22-Nov-2023 02:11 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

**CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
<b>Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)</b>				
<b>T3 (Triiodothyronine)</b>	132.65	ng/dL	70-204	CLIA
<b>T4 (Thyroxine)</b>	9.9	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA
<b>TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone</b>	1.58	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

**Pregnancy & Cord Blood**

T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
		Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

**Interpretation:**

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



*Dr. Vaishnavi*  
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**MD BIOCHEMISTRY**