

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Registered Office:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19) Website:-www.sagepathlabs.com

DEDODT

KEPOKI			
Name	: Mr. CHANDRAKANTH D	Sample ID	: 24753929
Age/Gender	: 30 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312312020040
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 02-Dec-2023 06:42 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 02-Dec-2023 10:26 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 02-Dec-2023 11:43 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	_
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.7	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	116.89	mg/dL		Calculated	

Interpretation:

• Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states

Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***









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REPORT ·

	KLFUKT		
Name	: Mr. CHANDRAKANTH D	Sample ID	: 24753930
Age/Gender	: 30 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312312020040
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 02-Dec-2023 06:42 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 02-Dec-2023 10:26 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 02-Dec-2023 11:10 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) T3 (Triiodothyronine)	108.36	ng/dL	70-204	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine)	10.6	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	4.27	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy	&	Cord	Blood	
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T3 (Triiodothyronine):		T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL			Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	g/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

• Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

• Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.

• TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.

• The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***







BIOCHEMISTRY

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