Test Name



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Method

REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Sample ID : 24753893

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005 Referred by : Dr. K NEELAVENI SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

Results

HAEMATOLOGY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2 ults Units Re

Ref. Range

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	10.9	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
RBC Count	4.64	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
Haematocrit (HCT)	36.1	%	40-50	Calculated
MCV	78	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	23.6	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	30.2	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	14.9	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	365	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	13.0	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Neutrophils	55	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Absolute Neutrophils Count	7.15	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Lymphocytes	39	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	5.07	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Monocytes	03	%	2-10	Microscopy
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.39	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Eosinophils	03	%	1-6	Microscopy
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.39	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Basophils	0	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
<u>Morphology</u>				
WBC	Leucocytosis	3		
RBC	Anisocytosis	with Normocyt	ic normochromic and few Mic	rocytic hypochromic
Platelets	Adequate.			Microscopy

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Sample ID : 24753893

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005

Referred by : Dr. K NEELAVENI SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 02:46 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) 15 12 or less Westergren method

Comments: ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.











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REPORT

 Name
 : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI
 Sample ID
 : 24753894, 24754008

 Age/Gender
 : 54 Years/Female
 Reg. No
 : 0312312080005

Referred by : Dr. K NEELAVENI SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP) Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 01:22 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 123 mg/dL 70-100 GOD-POD

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	II I	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 191 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

	J			RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200		>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- $\bullet~$ If glucose level is $>\!140$ mg/dL and $<\!200$ mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***











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REPORT

: Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Name Sample ID : 24753893, 24753896 Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005 Referred by SPP Code : Dr. K NEELAVENI : SPL-CV-172 Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 02:37 PM
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA, Serum Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 02:37 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

SAGEFATTI CARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	8.3	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	191.51	mg/dL		Calculated	

Interpretation:

- Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states
- Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

Calcium9.3mg/dL8.5-10.1o-cresolphthalein
complexone (OCPC)

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***











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REPORT

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	178	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	162	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	48	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	97.6	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	32.4	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	130	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	3.71	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.49			
LDL/HDL Ratio	2.03	%	0-3.5	Calculated

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Irialycerides	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	II DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***











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REPORT

Name: Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMISample ID: 24753896Age/Gender: 54 Years/FemaleReg. No: 0312312080005Referred by: Dr. K NEELAVENISPP Code: SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM
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Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	0.85	mg/dL	0.60-1.10	Sarcosine oxidase
Urea-Serum	21.8	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	10.19	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	11.99		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	3.9	mg/dL	2.6-6.0	Uricase
Sodium	141	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct
Potassium	4.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct
Chloride	100	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

*** End Of Report ***











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REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Sample ID : 24753896 Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005 Referred by SPP Code : Dr. K NEELAVENI : SPL-CV-172 : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Referring Customer Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM Received On Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 02:37 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method **Liver Function Test (LFT)** Bilirubin(Total) 1.1 mg/dL 0.3-1.2 Diazo Bilirubin (Direct) 0.2 mg/dL 0.0 - 0.2Diazo Bilirubin (Indirect) 0.9 mg/dL 0.2-1.0 Calculated Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) U/L 5-40 IFCC with out (P-5-P) 20

Protein - Total 6.8 g/dL 6.4-8.2 **Biuret** Albumin 3.4-5.0 Bromocresol purple (BCP) 3.9 q/dL g/dL Globulin 2.9 2.0 - 4.2Calculated Calculated A:G Ratio 1.34 0.8 - 2.0

U/L

U/L

U/L

0-55

5-55

40-150

SGOT/SGPT Ratio 1.00 Calculated

20

85

31

- Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.
- Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.
- Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.
- Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.
- Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.
- Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***

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Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)

Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)

Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)









IFCC with out (P-5-P)

Kinetic PNPP-AMP

IFCC



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Method

REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Sample ID : 24753896

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005

Referred by : Dr. K NEELAVENI SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 01:21 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

Results

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2 ults Units Re

Ref. Range

Thursid Profile I/TET)					
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	102.36	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA	
, ,					
T4 (Thyroxine)	9.6	μg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	5 98	ull J/ml	0.35-5.5	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	5.98	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

Test Name

T3 (Triiodothyronine	e):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimes	ster :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***











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REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI Sample ID : 24753896

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005 Referred by : Dr. K NEELAVENI SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 02:37 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Iron Profile-I					
Iron(Fe)	63	μg/dL	50-170	Ferene	
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	423	μg/dL	250-450	Ferene	
Transferrin	295.8	mg/dL	250-380	Calculated	
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	14.89	%	15-50	Calculated	
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	360	ug/dL	110-370	FerroZine	

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.
- Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.











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REPORT

Name : Mrs. B V V VARALAKSHMI : 24754007 Sample ID

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312312080005

Referred by SPP Code : Dr. K NEELAVENI : SPL-CV-172

: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Referring Customer Collected On : 08-Dec-2023 09:06 AM Primary Sample : 08-Dec-2023 12:26 PM Received On

Sample Tested In : Urine Reported On : 08-Dec-2023 02:33 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Pale Yellow Colour Straw to light amber

Appearance Clear Clear

Chemical Examination

Negative Strip Reflectance Glucose Negative Protein Absent Negative Strip Reflectance Bilirubin (Bile) Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Urobilinogen Negative Negative Ehrlichs reagent Ketone Bodies Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Specific Gravity 1.010 1.000 - 1.030 Strip Reflectance Blood Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 6.0 5.0 - 8.5 Reaction (pH) Reagent strip Reflectance -

Double indicator Principle

Nitrites Negative Negative Strip Reflectance

Leukocyte esterase Negative Reagent Strip Reflectance Negative

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells 02-03 /hpf 00-05 Microscopy R.B.C. Nil /hpf Nil Microscopic **Epithelial Cells** 01-02 /hpf 00-05 Microscopic Casts Absent Absent Microscopic Absent Absent Microscopic Crystals Nil Nil Bacteria **Budding Yeast Cells** Nil Absent Microscopy

Others Microscopic

Comments:

Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections, diabetes, hypertension and drug

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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*** End Of Report ***







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