



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mr. G SUDEER Sample ID : A0013092
Age/Gender : 54 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312401260007
Referred by : Dr. NAGESWAR RAO SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 26-Jan-2024 09:29 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 03:54 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)					
Haemoglobin (Hb)	14.0	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method	
RBC Count	5.30	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence	
Haematocrit (HCT)	43.8	%	40-50	Calculated	
MCV	83	fl	81-101	Calculated	
MCH	26.5	pg	27-32	Calculated	
мснс	32.0	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated	
RDW-CV	14.2	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated	
Platelet Count (PLT)	386	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance	
Total WBC Count	7.5	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance	
Neutrophils	63	%	40-70	Cell Impedence	
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4.72	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence	
Lymphocytes	28	%	20-40	Cell Impedence	
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.1	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence	
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy	
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.45	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated	
Eosinophils	03	%	1-6	Microscopy	
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.23	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated	
Basophils	0	%	1-2	Microscopy	
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated	
Atypical cells / Blasts	0	%			
<u>Morphology</u>					
WBC	Within Normal Limits				
RBC	Normocytic	normochromic			
Platelets	Adequate.			Microscopy	

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







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Age/Gender : 54 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312401260007

Referred by : Dr. NAGESWAR RAO SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 26-Jan-2024 09:29 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 04:44 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) 5 12 or less Westergren method

Comments: ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.









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REPORT

 Name
 : Mr. G SUDEER
 Sample ID
 : A0013093, A0013094

 Age/Gender
 : 54 Years/Male
 Reg. No
 : 0312401260007

Referred by : Dr. NAGESWAR RAO SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 26-Jan-2024 09:29 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP) Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 04:29 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 101mg/dL
70-100
GOD-POD

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	II I	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 128 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

	J	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200		>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- $\bullet~$ If glucose level is $>\!140$ mg/dL and $<\!200$ mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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REPORT

Name : Mr. G SUDEER Sample ID : A0013092, A0013091
Age/Gender : 54 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312401260007
Referred by : Dr. NAGESWAR RAO SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 26-Jan-2024 09:29 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA, Serum Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 05:19 PM Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

	SAGELATIT GARE 1.2						
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method			
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	7.1	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC			
Mean Plasma Glucose	157.07	mg/dL		Calculated			

Interpretation:

• Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states

Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

Calcium9.6mg/dL8.5-10.1o-cresolphthalein
complexone (OCPC)

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
				
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	185	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	114	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	42	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	120.2	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	22.8	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	143	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	4.4	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.35			
LDL/HDL Ratio	2.86	%	0-3.5	Calculated

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides in (mg/dL)	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	I DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	0.74	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Sarcosine oxidase
Urea-Serum	17.7	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	8.27	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	11.18		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	4.2	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase
Sodium	139	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct
Potassium	3.9	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct
Chloride	102	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

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Tost Name



Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Method

REPORT

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Pof Pango

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	0.7	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.5	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.6	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	32	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	15	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	119	U/L	40-150	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	42	U/L	15-85	IFCC
Protein - Total	7.3	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	3.6	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol purple (BCP)
Globulin	3.7	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	0.97	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	2.13			

- Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.
- Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.
- Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.
- Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.
- Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.
- Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***

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DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY





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REPORT

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Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:35 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 05:09 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

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Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	123.65	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine)	9.7	μg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	3.71	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

Toet Name

T3 (Triiodothyronine):		T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimes	ster :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 μIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	g/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Results	Units	Ref. Range	Metnod	
51	μg/dL	65-175	Ferene	
456	μg/dL	250-450	Ferene	
318.88	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated	
11.18	%	20-50	Calculated	
405	μg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine	
	51 456 318.88 11.18	 51 μg/dL 456 μg/dL 318.88 mg/dL 11.18 % 	51 μg/dL 65-175 456 μg/dL 250-450 318.88 mg/dL 215-365 11.18 % 20-50	51 μg/dL 65-175 Ferene 456 μg/dL 250-450 Ferene 318.88 mg/dL 215-365 Calculated 11.18 % 20-50 Calculated

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.
- Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.











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REPORT

Name : Mr. G SUDEER : A0013099 Sample ID

Age/Gender : 54 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312401260007

Referred by SPP Code : Dr. NAGESWAR RAO : SPL-CV-172

: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Referring Customer Collected On : 26-Jan-2024 09:29 AM Primary Sample Received On : 26-Jan-2024 03:43 PM

Sample Tested In : Urine Reported On : 26-Jan-2024 05:41 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Pale Yellow Colour Straw to light amber

Appearance **HAZY** Clear

Chemical Examination

Strip Reflectance Glucose Negative Negative Protein Absent Negative Strip Reflectance Bilirubin (Bile) Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Urobilinogen Negative Negative Ehrlichs reagent Ketone Bodies Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Specific Gravity 1.020 1.000 - 1.030 Strip Reflectance Blood Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 5.0 - 8.5 6.5 Reaction (pH) Reagent Strip Reflectance

Nitrites Negative Negative Strip Reflectance

Leukocyte esterase Negative Negative Reagent Strip Reflectance

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells 03-05 /hpf 00-05 Microscopy Nil Nil R.B.C. /hpf Microscopic **Epithelial Cells** 01-02 /hpf 00-05 Microscopic Absent Absent Casts Microscopic Crystals Absent Absent Microscopic Nil Nil Bacteria Nil Absent **Budding Yeast Cells** Microscopy

Comments: Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections, diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***







Swarnabala-M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY