

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mrs. ASHWINI Sample ID : A0093216
Age/Gender : 34 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312402150033
Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 15-Feb-2024 11:02 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 15-Feb-2024 01:02 AM
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 15-Feb-2024 02:53 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY						
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)						
Haemoglobin (Hb)	9.6	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method		
Haematocrit (HCT)	31.2	%	40-50	Calculated		
RBC Count	4.24	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence		
MCV	74	fl	81-101	Calculated		
MCH	22.6	pg	27-32	Calculated		
MCHC	30.7	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated		
RDW-CV	15.7	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated		
Platelet Count (PLT)	235	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance		
Total WBC Count	5.7	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance		
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)						
Neutrophils	55	%	40-70	Cell Impedence		
Lymphocytes	40	%	20-40	Cell Impedence		
Monocytes	03	%	2-10	Microscopy		
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy		
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy		
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.14	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence		
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.28	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence		
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.17	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.11	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated		
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated		
Morphology	Anisocytos	is with Microcy	tic hypochromic anemia	PAPs Staining		
Posult rachacked and varified for abo	ormal assas					

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







Swornabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name : Mrs. ASHWINI Sample ID : A0093215 Age/Gender : 34 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312402150033 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 15-Feb-2024 11:02 AM : Whole Blood : 15-Feb-2024 01:06 PM Primary Sample Received On Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 15-Feb-2024 03:26 PM Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
Liver Function Test (LFT)						
Bilirubin(Total)	0.5	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.2	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.4	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	13	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)		
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	8	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)		
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	66	U/L	40-150	Kinetic PNPP-AMP		
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	10	U/L	5-55	IFCC		
Protein - Total	7.9	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret		
Albumin	4.1	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol purple (BCP)		
Globulin	3.8	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated		
A:G Ratio	1.08	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated		
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.63					

- Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.
- Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be
 a sign of liver damage or liver disease.
- Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.
- Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.
- **Bilirubin** is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.
- Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***







DR. VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY