

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mr. ANJANEYULU Sample ID : A0093593, A0093598, A00935

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312403160011
Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 16-Mar-2024 07:39 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 16-Mar-2024 01:01 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP), Reported On : 16-Mar-2024 04:56 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 146 mg/dL 70-100 GOD-POD

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	II I	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 175 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	J	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200		>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- If glucose level is >140 mg/dL and <200 mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.







DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	9.0	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC
Mean Plasma Glucose	211.6	mg/dL		Calculated

Interpretation:

- Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states
- Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

Calcium8.98mg/dL8.5-10.1o-cresolphthalein
complexone (OCPC)

Comments:

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a
 free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower
 Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.







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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	25.44	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-<30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxication	CLIA	

Interpretation:

- 1. Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
- 2. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
- 3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.
- 4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method: CLIA

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***





