

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mrs. NAVAJYOTHI Sample ID : A0094031 Age/Gender : 0312403210005 : 47 Years/Female Reg. No Referred by : Dr. Nivedita Ashrit MD (Obs/Gyn) SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 21-Mar-2024 08:39 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 21-Mar-2024 12:52 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 21-Mar-2024 12:32 FM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	8.1	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	27.4	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.83	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	57	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	16.7	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	29.5	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	19.1	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	394	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	10.6	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	50	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	40	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	04	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	5.3	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	4.24	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.64	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.42	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytosis Leucocytosis		ic hypochromic anemia with	PAPs Staining







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name: Mrs. NAVAJYOTHISample ID: A0094034, A0094032Age/Gender: 47 Years/FemaleReg. No: 0312403210005Referred by: Dr. Nivedita Ashrit MD (Obs/Gyn)SPP Code: SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 21-Mar-2024 08:39 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 21-Mar-2024 12:52 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(R), Serum Reported On : 21-Mar-2024 02:07 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

020/(2.2.001.201)					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	

Glucose Random (RBS) 93 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

interpretation of Flashia Graeose based on ADA guidennes 2010					
	J	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	>= 200		>=200(with symptoms)	

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- The random blood glucose if it is above 200 mg/dL and the patient has increased thirst, polyuria, and polyphagia, suggests diabetes mellitus.
- As a rule, two-hour glucose samples will reach the fasting level or it will be in the normal range.

TSH-Thyroid Stimulating Hormone

5.78 μIU/mL

0.35-5.5

CLIA

Pregnancy	&	Cord	Blood

		TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (μIU/mL)
First Trimester	: 0.24-2.99	
Second Trimester	: 0.46-2.95	Excellence
Third Trimester	: 0.43-2.78	
Cord Blood	: 2.3-13.2	

- TSH is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low
- TRH stimulation differentiates secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism by observing the change in patient TSH levels. Typically, the TSH response to TRH stimulation is absent in cases of secondary hypothyroidism, and normal to exaggerated in tertiary hypothyroidism
- Historically, TRH stimulation has been used to confirm primary hyperthyroidism, indicated by elevated T3 and T4 levels and low or undetectable TSH levels. TSH assays with increased sensitivity and specificity provide a primary diagnostic tool to differentiate hyperthyroid from euthyroid patients.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***







DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY