

# Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

Sample ID     : 24864212       Reg. No     : 0312404210008       SPP Code     : SPL-CV-172       GTICS     Collected On     : 21-Apr-2024 08:45 AM
SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
TICS Collected On 21 Apr 2024 08:45 AM
Collected Off . 21-Apt-2024 08.45 AM
Received On : 21-Apr-2024 02:48 PM
Reported On : 21-Apr-2024 04:49 PM
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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Calcium	9.0	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	o-cresolphthalein complexone (OCPC)

### **Comments:**

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	78.69	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-<30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxicat	CLIA	

## Interpretation:

Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.

**3**. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.

**4**. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

#### Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method : CLIA







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## DEDADT

		REFURI	
Name	: Dr. L NIRMALA		Sampl
Age/Gender	: 65 Years/Female	I	Reg. N
Referred by	: Dr. KEERTHI TEJA	:	SPP C
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	(	Collec
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	l	Receiv
Sample Tested In	: Serum	I	Repor
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarr	naka	Repor

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin)	450	pg/mL	200-911	CLIA	

#### Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

1.Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12

2. Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

1.Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)

2. Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

#### Laboratory is NABL Accredited





OCHEMISTRY



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	REPOR	RT	
Name	: Dr. L NIRMALA	Sample ID	: 2
Age/Gender	: 65 Years/Female	Reg. No	: (
Referred by	: Dr. KEERTHI TEJA	SPP Code	: 5
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 2
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 2
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 2
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: F

ID	: 24864212
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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
117.14	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA		
8.0	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA		
5.96	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA		
	<b>Results</b> 117.14 8.0	ResultsUnits117.14ng/dL8.0μg/dL	Results     Units     Ref. Range       117.14     ng/dL     40-181       8.0     μg/dL     3.2-12.6	Results     Units     Ref. Range     Method       117.14     ng/dL     40-181     CLIA       8.0     μg/dL     3.2-12.6     CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood		
T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
		Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

#### **Interpretation:**

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases Laboratory is NABL Accredited

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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