

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name: Mrs. ANITASample ID: 24864255Age/Gender: 44 Years/FemaleReg. No: 0312404230028Referred by: Dr. Nivedita Ashrit MD (Obs/Gyn)SPP Code: SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 23-Apr-2024 02:05 PM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 23-Apr-2024 04:08 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 23-Apr-2024 04:21 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	8.8	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	29.7	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.69	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	63	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	18.8	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	29.8	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	17.2	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	269	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	11.1	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	72	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	22	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	03	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	03	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	0	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	7.99	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.44	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.33	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.33	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology		is with Microcy c Leucocytosis	tic hypochromic anemia and	PAPs Staining







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

 Name
 : Mrs. ANITA
 Sample ID
 : 24864256, 24864254

 Age/Gender
 : 44 Years/Female
 Reg. No
 : 0312404230028

Referred by : Dr. Nivedita Ashrit MD (Obs/Gyn) SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 23-Apr-2024 02:05 PM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 23-Apr-2024 04:08 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(R), Serum Reported On : 23-Apr-2024 05:36 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Glucose Random (RBS) 129 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	3	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes		140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200	I	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- The random blood glucose if it is above 200 mg/dL and the patient has increased thirst, polyuria, and polyphagia, suggests diabetes mellitus.
- As a rule, two-hour glucose samples will reach the fasting level or it will be in the normal range.

25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	29.25	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency	CLIA
			20.0-<30.0-Insufficiency	
			30.0-100.0-Sufficiency	
			>100 0-Potential Intoxicati	on

Interpretation:

- 1. Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
- **2**. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
- 3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.
- **4.**The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

- 1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun
- 2.older adults
- 3.people with obesity.
- 4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method: CLIA











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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	3.58	μlU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

Pregnancy & Cor	rd Blood	
		TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (μIU/mL)
First Trimester	: 0.24-2.99	
Second Trimester	: 0.46-2.95	
Third Trimester	: 0.43-2.78	
Cord Blood	: 2.3-13.2	

- TSH is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low
- TRH stimulation differentiates secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism by observing the change in patient TSH levels. Typically, the TSH response to TRH stimulation is absent in cases of secondary hypothyroidism, and normal to exaggerated in tertiary hypothyroidism
- Historically, TRH stimulation has been used to confirm primary hyperthyroidism, indicated by elevated T3 and T4 levels and low or undetectable TSH levels. TSH assays with increased sensitivity and specificity provide a primary diagnostic tool to differentiate hyperthyroid from euthyroid patients.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***







DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY