

REPORT

Name	: Mrs. SRI VIDYA	Sample ID	: 24864118
Age/Gender	: 29 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312405040005
Referred by	: Dr. CH Bhuvaneshwari	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-May-2024 09:57 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-May-2024 12:53 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 04-May-2024 02:32 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	10.7	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	32.2	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.23	10 ¹² /L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	76	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	25.2	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	33.2	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	15.6	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	325	10 ⁹ /L	150-410	Cell Impedence
Total WBC Count	5.7	10 ⁹ /L	4.0-10.0	Impedence
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	57	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	37	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	04	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.25	10 ⁹ /L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.11	10 ⁹ /L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.23	10 ⁹ /L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.11	10 ⁹ /L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytosis with Normocytic normochromic			PAPs Staining



Swannabala - M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-May-2024 09:57 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-May-2024 12:53 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 04-May-2024 02:10 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
PRL(Prolactin)	15.32	ng/mL	Refer Table	CLIA

Interpretation:

Age	Reference Range: Male (ng/mL)	Reference Range: Female(ng/mL)
Puberty Tanner Stage		
1	< 10.0	3.6-12.0
2-3	< 6.1	2.6-18.0
4-5	2.8-11.0	3.2-20.0
Adult	2.1-17.7	Nonpregnant :2.8-29.2 Pregnant :9.7-208.5 Postmenopausal :1.8-20.3

- Prolactin is a 23kD sized hormone produced by the lactotroph cells of the pituitary gland, a grape-sized organ found at the base of the brain. Normally present in low amounts in men and non-pregnant women, prolactin's main role is to promote lactation (breast milk production).
- Breast milk production that is not related to childbirth (galactorrhea)
- Erection problems in men
- Irregular or no menstrual periods (amenorrhea)



Dr. Vaishnavi
DR. VAISHNAVI
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	4.51	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (µIU/mL))	
First Trimester	: 0.24-2.99
Second Trimester	: 0.46-2.95
Third Trimester	: 0.43-2.78
Cord Blood	: 2.3-13.2

- TSH is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low
- TRH stimulation differentiates secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism by observing the change in patient TSH levels. Typically, the TSH response to TRH stimulation is absent in cases of secondary hypothyroidism, and normal to exaggerated in tertiary hypothyroidism
- Historically, TRH stimulation has been used to confirm primary hyperthyroidism, indicated by elevated T3 and T4 levels and low or undetectable TSH levels. TSH assays with increased sensitivity and specificity provide a primary diagnostic tool to differentiate hyperthyroid from euthyroid patients.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases
Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***



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