

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT -

	KLFUKT		
Name	: Mr. P VAMSHI	Sample ID	: A0286805
Age/Gender	: 24 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312405170023
Referred by	: Dr. B R KUMAR	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 17-May-2024 01:09 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 17-May-2024 05:33 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 17-May-2024 06:30 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method					
C-Reactive protein-(CRP) 51.32 mg/L Upto:6.0 Immunoturbidimetry					

Interpretation:

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

Excellence In Health Care







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REPORT						
Name	: Mr. P VAMSHI	Sample ID	: A0286808			
Age/Gender	: 24 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312405170023			
Referred by	: Dr. B R KUMAR	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172			
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 17-May-2024 01:09 PM			
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 17-May-2024 05:33 PM			
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 17-May-2024 06:54 PM			
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			

HAEMATOLOGY **SAGEPATH CARE 1.2** Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) Haemoglobin (Hb) 14.4 g/dL 13-17 Cynmeth Method **RBC Count** 10^12/L Cell Impedence 5.04 4.5-5.5 Haematocrit (HCT) 42.1 % 40-50 Calculated MCV 84 fl 81-101 Calculated MCH 28.5 27-32 Calculated pg MCHC 34.2 g/dL 32.5-34.5 Calculated **RDW-CV** Calculated % 11.6-14.0 13.1 Platelet Count (PLT) 225 10^9/L 150-410 Cell Impedance **Total WBC Count** 10^9/L 4.0-10.0 9.6 Impedance **Neutrophils** 70 % 40-70 Cell Impedence 10^9/L **Absolute Neutrophils Count** 6.72 2.0-7.0 Impedence 22 % 20-40 Cell Impedence Lymphocytes Absolute Lymphocyte Count 10^9/L 2.11 1.0-3.0 Impedence Monocytes 06 % 2-10 Microscopy 10^9/L **Absolute Monocyte Count** 0.58 0.2-1.0 Calculated 1-6 **Eosinophils** 02 % Microscopy 0.19 **Absolute Eosinophils Count** 10^9/L 0.02-0.5 Calculated **Basophils** 00 % 1-2 Microscopy **Absolute Basophil ICount** 0.00 10^9/L 0.0-0.3 Calculated **Morphology** WBC Within Normal Limits RBC Normocytic normochromic blood picture. Platelets Adequate. Microscopy



Swarnabale - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

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			REPORT						
Name	: Mr. P VAMSHI	Sample ID	: A0286806, A0286808, A02868						
Age/Gender	/Gender : 24 Years/Male			Reg. No	: 0312405170023				
Referred by	: Dr. B R KUMAR			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172				
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS			Collected On	: 17-May-2024 01:09 PM					
Primary Sample	Primary Sample : Whole Blood			Received On	: 17-May-2024 05:33 PM				
Sample Tested In	mple Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Whole Blood EDT			Reported On	: 17-May-2024 06:43 PM				
Client Address	Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka		naka	Report Status	: Final Report				
	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY								
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2									
Test Name	Res	sults	Units	Ref. Range	Method				
Glucose Fasting (F)	93		ma/dl	70-100	GOD-POD				

Glucose Fas	sting (F)	93	mg/d	_	70-100	GOD-POD
Interpretation of I	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2	2018				
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose	e(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	
Reference: Dial	betes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27					
Slycated He	emoglobin (HbA1c)	5.4	%		Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC
Mean Plasm	na Glucose	108.28	mg/d			Calculated

Interpretation:

• Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states

• Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

Calcium	8.7	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	o-cresolphthalein
		-		complexone (OCPC)

Comments:

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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OCHEMISTRY

INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD



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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

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Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Lipid Profile					
Cholesterol Total	131	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD	
Triglycerides-TGL	250	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD	
Cholesterol-HDL	46	mg/dL	40-60	Direct	
Cholesterol-LDL	35	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated	
Cholesterol- VLDL	50	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated	
Non HDL Cholesterol	85	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated	
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	2.85	%	0-4.0	Calculated	
HDL / LDL Ratio	1.31				
LDL/HDL Ratio	0.76	%	0-3.5	Calculated	

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL





BIOCHEMISTRY



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P	
: Mr. P VAMSHI	Sa
: 24 Years/Male	Re
: Dr. B R KUMAR	SP
: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Со
: Whole Blood	Re
: Serum	Re
: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarna	ika Re
	: 24 Years/Male : Dr. B R KUMAR : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS : Whole Blood

 Sample ID
 : A0286805

 Reg. No
 : 0312405170023

 SPP Code
 : SPL-CV-172

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 : 17-May-2024 01:09 PM

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 Report Status
 : Final Report

	CLINIC	AL BIOCHE	MISTRY					
	SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method				
Kidney Profile-KFT								
Creatinine -Serum	0.71	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Sarcosine oxidase				
Urea-Serum	15.3	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation				
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	7.15	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated				
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	10.07		6 - 22					
Uric Acid	4.5	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase				
Sodium	142	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct				
Potassium	3.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct				
Chloride	102	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct				
Liver Function Test (LFT)								
Bilirubin(Total)	0.5	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo				
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.5	Diazo				
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.4	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated				
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	33	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)				
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	32	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)				
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	84	U/L	40-150	Kinetic PNPP-AMP				
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	21	U/L	15-85	IFCC				
Protein - Total	6.9	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret				
Albumin	4.1	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol purple (BCP)				
Globulin	2.8	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated				
A:G Ratio	1.46	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated				
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.03							

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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L	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2 Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) T3 (Triiodothyronine) 90.01 ng/dL 70-204 CLIA T4 (Thyroxine) 7.8 µg/dL 3.2-12.6 CLIA **TSH - Thyroid Stimulating Hormone** 6.69 µIU/mL 0.35-5.5 CLIA

Pregnancy	&	Cord	Blood	
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T3 (Triiodothyronin	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trime	ester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 n	ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

• Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

• Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.

- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.





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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
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Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0286805 Reg. No : 0312405170023 SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Collected On : 17-May-2024 01:09 PM Received On : 17-May-2024 05:33 PM Reported On : 17-May-2024 06:43 PM **Report Status** : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Iron Profile-I				
Iron(Fe)	32	µg/dL	65-175	Ferene
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	498	µg/dL	250-450	Ferene
Transferrin	348.25	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	6.43	%	20-50	Calculated
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	466	µg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine

Interpretation:

 Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high

Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high

Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease

Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***



