

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Dr. JYOTHI

Age/Gender : 31 Years/Female

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample

Sample Tested In : Urine

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Reg. No

Sample ID : A0643534 : 0312406240043

SPP Code

: SPL-CV-172

Collected On

: 24-Jun-2024 11:26 AM

Received On

: 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM

Reported On

: 24-Jun-2024 02:51 PM

Report Status

: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE FASTING

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Fasting Urine Glucose Negative Negative **Automated Strip Test**

*** End Of Report ***







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REPORT

Name: Dr. JYOTHISample ID: A0643531Age/Gender: 31 Years/FemaleReg. No: 0312406240043Referred by: Dr. SELFSPP Code: SPL-CV-172Referring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICSCollected On: 24-Jun-2024 11:26

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 24-Jun-2024 11:26 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 24-Jun-2024 12:56 PM
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 24-Jun-2024 01:44 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	10.9	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	34.3	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.23	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	81	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	25.7	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	31.7	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	16.4	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	172	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	8.8	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	61	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	32	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	05	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	5.37	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.82	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.44	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.18	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytosis with Normocytic normochromic			PAPs Staining







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name : Dr. JYOTHI Sample ID : A0643532, A0643533, A06435

 Age/Gender
 : 31 Years/Female
 Reg. No
 : 0312406240043

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 24-Jun-2024 11:26 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP), Reported On : 24-Jun-2024 02:26 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	

Glucose Fasting (F) 86 mg/dL 70-100 Hexokinase

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 103 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- If glucose level is >140 mg/dL and <200 mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.











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REPORT

Name : Dr. JYOTHI Sample ID : A0643532, A0643533, A06435

Age/Gender : 31 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312406240043

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 24-Jun-2024 11:26 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP), Reported On : 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM Received On : 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone 3.09 µIU/mL 0.35-5.5 CLIA

Pregnancy & Cord Blood					
		TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (μIU/mL)			
First Trimester	: 0.24-2.99				
Second Trimester	: 0.46-2.95				
Third Trimester	: 0.43-2.78				
Cord Blood	: 2.3-13.2				

- TSH is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low
- TRH stimulation differentiates secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism by observing the change in patient TSH levels. Typically, the TSH response to TRH stimulation is absent in cases of secondary hypothyroidism, and normal to exaggerated in tertiary hypothyroidism
- Historically, TRH stimulation has been used to confirm primary hyperthyroidism, indicated by elevated T3 and T4 levels and low or undetectable TSH levels. TSH assays with increased sensitivity and specificity provide a primary diagnostic tool to differentiate hyperthyroid from euthyroid patients.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







DR. VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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REPORT

Name : Dr. JYOTHI Sample ID : A0643530

Age/Gender : 31 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312406240043

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 24-Jun-2024 11:26 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 24-Jun-2024 12:45 PM Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 24-Jun-2024 02:47 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	0.4	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.3	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	13	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	10	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	74	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	20	U/L	5-55	IFCC
Protein - Total	6.2	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	3.0	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)
Globulin	3.2	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	0.94	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.30			

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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*** End Of Report ***







