

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT					
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287585		
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004		
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:45 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

HAEMATOLOGY **SAGEPATH CARE 1.2** Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) Haemoglobin (Hb) 10.9 g/dL 12-15 Cynmeth Method **RBC Count** 10^12/L Cell Impedence 4.80 4.5-5.5 Haematocrit (HCT) 33.8 % 40-50 Calculated MCV 71 fl 81-101 Calculated MCH 22.7 27-32 Calculated pg MCHC 32.2 g/dL 32.5-34.5 Calculated **RDW-CV** Calculated % 11.6-14.0 18.4 Platelet Count (PLT) 517 10^9/L 150-410 **Cell Impedance Total WBC Count** 10^9/L 4.0-10.0 Impedance 8.3 **Neutrophils** 70 % 40-70 Cell Impedence 10^9/L **Absolute Neutrophils Count** 5.81 2.0-7.0 Impedence 24 % 20-40 Cell Impedence Lymphocytes Absolute Lymphocyte Count 10^9/L 1.99 1.0-3.0 Impedence 04 % 2-10 Microscopy Monocytes **Absolute Monocyte Count** 0.33 10^9/L 0.2-1.0 Calculated **Eosinophils** 02 % 1-6 Microscopy **Absolute Eosinophils Count** 0.17 10^9/L 0.02-0.5 Calculated **Basophils** 00 % 1-2 Microscopy **Absolute Basophil ICount** 0.00 10^9/L 0.0-0.3 Calculated **Morphology** WBC Within Normal Limits RBC Anisocytosis with Normocytic normochromic Platelets Thrombocytosis Microscopy Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases *** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited



Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT					
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287585		
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004		
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:54 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

PVT.	Cheffit Address	. Kintee coloriy , cokur Nagar, rar	naka		. This roport	
SYSTEMS		HA	EMATOLO	DGY		
SE INFO		SAG	ЕРАТН СА	RE 1.2		
ITDO	Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	19	14 or less	Westergren method
			5

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.





Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT					
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287586		
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004		
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 02:51 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method							
Glucose Fasting (F) 115 mg/dL 70-100 Hexokinase							
Interpretation of I	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2	2018				_	
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose	e(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)]	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA]	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)		
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)		

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited





VAISHNAVI BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT						
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287585			
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004			
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172			
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM			
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM			
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 04:38 PM			
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	8.0	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC		
Mean Plasma Glucose	182.9	mg/dL		Calculated		

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG):This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)	HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6. percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should b confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.
421		14%	commed by repeating the HDATC test.
386	🖾 A 🚬	13%	
350	L	12%	
314	E E	11%	
279	R	10%	
243		9%	
208		8%	
172	POOR	7%	
136	GOOD	6%	
101	EXCELLENT	5%	

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited



OCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT					
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583		
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004		
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:34 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method							
Calcium	8.4	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	Arsenazo			
Comments:							
	are found in Bone tumors, Hy sm. renal failure. Rickets.	yperparathyroi	dism. decreased levels a	re			
found in Hypoparathyroidis				4			
found in Hypoparathyroidis Result rechecked and verifi	ied for abnormal cases	Of Bonort *:	**	th			
	ied for abnormal cases *** End	Of Report *	**	th			





DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT					
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583		
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004		
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:34 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Lipid Profile					
Cholesterol Total	94	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD	
Triglycerides-TGL	121	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD	
Cholesterol-HDL	46	mg/dL	40-60	Direct	
Cholesterol-LDL	23.8	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated	
Cholesterol- VLDL	24.2	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated	
Non HDL Cholesterol	48	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated	
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	2.04	%	0-4.0	Calculated	
HDL / LDL Ratio	1.93				
LDL/HDL Ratio	0.52	%	0-3.5	Calculated	

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides	Cholostorol	I DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

Laboratory is NABL Accredited



BIOCHEMISTRY

*** End Of Report ***



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

-	REPOR	Τ	
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:34 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
	SAGE	EPATH CAR	E 1.2			
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
Kidney Profile-KFT						
Creatinine -Serum	0.78	mg/dL	0.55-1.02	Sarcosine oxidase		
Urea-Serum	47.3	mg/dL	17.1-49.2	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation		
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	22.1	mg/dL	8.0-23.0	Calculated		
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	28.33		6 - 22			
Uric Acid	5.8	mg/dL	2.6-6.0	Uricase		
Sodium	138	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct		
Potassium	3.7	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct		
Chloride	100	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct		

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited



BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

-	REPOR	रा ———	
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:34 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2 Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method Liver Function Test (LFT) Bilirubin(Total) 0.4 mg/dL 0.2-1.2 Diazo Bilirubin (Direct) 0.1 mg/dL 0.0 - 0.2 Diazo Bilirubin (Indirect) mg/dL 0.2-1.0 Calculated 0.3 Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) U/L 5-48 IFCC with out (P-5-P) 27 Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) IFCC with out (P-5-P) 30 U/L 0-55 Kinetic PNPP-AMP Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) 81 U/L 30-120 IFCC Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) 27 U/L 5-55 Protein - Total 6.8 g/dL 6.4-8.2 Biuret Albumin 3.4-5.0 Bromocresol Green (BCG) 3.8 g/dL Globulin 3 g/dL 2.0-4.2 Calculated Calculated A:G Ratio 1.27 0.8-2.0 % SGOT/SGPT Ratio 0.90

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited





OCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

	REPOR	RT	
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:47 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:02 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:34 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
	SAGI	EPATH CAR	E 1.2				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method			
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)							
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	98.36	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA			
T4 (Thyroxine) 5.2 μg/dL 3.2-12.6 CLIA							
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	6.22	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA			

Pregnancy	&	Cord	Blood	
-----------	---	------	-------	--

T3 (Triiodothyronine	e):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimes	ster :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

• Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

• Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.

• TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.

• The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.







Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

> 47 AM 02 PM 34 PM

	REPC)RT	
Name	: Mrs. RAJYA LAKSHMI	Sample ID	: A0287583
Age/Gender	: 66 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312406250004
Referred by	: Dr. SRIKANTH	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 25-Jun-2024 08:4
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 25-Jun-2024 01:0
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 25-Jun-2024 03:3
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method							
Iron Profile-I							
Iron(Fe)	32	µg/dL	50-170	Ferene			
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	475	µg/dL	250-450	Ferene			
Transferrin	332.17	mg/dL	250-380	Calculated			
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	6.74	%	15-50	Calculated			
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	443	ug/dL	110-370	FerroZine			

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high

Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***



