

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

: A0590016

REPORT

Sample ID

Name : Mrs. VIMALA GUGULOTHU

Age/Gender : 51 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312406280002

Referred by : Dr. DURGA PRASAD ANNABATHULA SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 28-Jun-2024 08:17 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 28-Jun-2024 12:47 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 28-Jun-2024 01:00 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY							
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method			
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)							
Haemoglobin (Hb)	13.0	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method			
Haematocrit (HCT)	40.6	%	40-50	Calculated			
RBC Count	4.41	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence			
MCV	92	fl	81-101	Calculated			
MCH	29.6	pg	27-32	Calculated			
MCHC	32.1	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated			
RDW-CV	13.4	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated			
Platelet Count (PLT)	287	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance			
Total WBC Count	5.7	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance			
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)							
Neutrophils	70	%	40-70	Cell Impedence			
Lymphocytes	26	%	20-40	Cell Impedence			
Monocytes	02	%	2-10	Microscopy			
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy			
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy			
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.99	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence			
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	1.48	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence			
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.11	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated			
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.11	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated			
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated			
Morphology	Normocytic	normochromic	PAPs Staining				

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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: A0590018

REPORT

Name : Mrs. VIMALA GUGULOTHU Sample ID

Age/Gender : 51 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312406280002

Referred by : Dr. DURGA PRASAD ANNABATHULA SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 28-Jun-2024 08:17 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 28-Jun-2024 12:49 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 28-Jun-2024 01:26 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
Liver Function Test (LFT)						
Bilirubin(Total)	0.4	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.2	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.3	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	29	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)		
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	18	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)		
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	59	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP		
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	20	U/L	5-55	IFCC		
Protein - Total	6.0	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret		
Albumin	3.5	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)		
Globulin	2.5	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated		
A:G Ratio	1.4	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated		
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.61					

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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*** End Of Report ***







DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY