

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

	RLF	UKI
Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN	Sample ID
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female	Reg. No
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected Or
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received Or
Sample Tested In	: Serum, Whole Blood EDTA	Reported Or
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report State

Sample ID	: A0590057, A0590058
Reg. No	: 0312406290047
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 12:52 PM
Reported On	: 30-Jun-2024 03:52 PM
Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE					
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method					
C-Reactive protein-(CRP) 3.51 mg/L Upto:6.0 Immunoturbidimetry					

DEDODT

Interpretation:

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

Copper	114	µg/dL	80-155	Spectrophotometry
Zinc - Serum	98	µg/dL	80-120	Bromo-Paps
Cardiac Risk Markers(5)				
Apolipoprotein (APO-B)	79	mg/dL	60.0-140.0	Immunoturbidimetry
Apolipoprotein B/A1 Ratio	0		0.35 - 1.00	Calculation
Apolipoprotein(APO A1)	161	mg/dL	105.0-175.0	Immunoturbidimetry
Homocysteine-Serum	12.	µmol/L	3.7 - 13.9	CLIA
High Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein(hsCRP)	0.63	mg/L	Low Risk :< 1.0 Average Risk:1.0-3.0 High Risk: > 3.0	Immunoturbidimetry
Lipoprotein (a) - Lp(a)	12.3	mg/dL	< 30.0	Immunoturbidimetry



BIOCHEMISTRY



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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
Toxic Elements						
Arsenic	0.99	ug/L	<5	ICP-MS		
Cadmium	0.21	µg/l	< 1.5	ICP-MS		
Mercury	1.96	µg/l	< 5	ICP-MS		
Lead	97.5	µg/l	< 150	ICP-MS		
Chromium	20.6	µg/L	< 30	ICPMS		
Barium	20.30	µg/l	<30	ICP-MS		
Cobalt, Blood	0.32	µg/l	0.10 - 1.50	ICP-MS		
Caesium	0.25	µg/l	<5.0	ICP-MS		
Thallium	0.62	µg/l	<1.0	ICP-MS		
Uranium	0.81	µg/l	<1.0	ICP-MS		
Strontium	20.65	µg/l	8 - 38	ICP-MS		
Antimony	11.60	µg/l	0.10 - 18	are ICP-MS		
Tin	1.01	µg/l	< 2	ICP-MS		
Molybdenum	0.98	µg/l	0.70 - 4.0	ICP-MS		
Silver	2.00	µg/l	<4.0	ICP-MS		
Vanadium	0.11	µg/l	< 0.8	ICP-MS		
Beryllium	0.13	µg/l	0.10 - 0.80	ICP-MS		
Bismuth	0.15	µg/l	0.10 - 0.80	ICP-MS		
Selenium	31.2	µg/l	60 - 340	ICP-MS		
Nickel	10.22	µg/l	< 15	ICP-MS		
Aluminium	21.60	µg/l	< 30	ICP-MS		
Manganese	15.60	µg/l	7.10 - 20	ICP-MS		







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Referred by : Dr. SELF	
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	
Primary Sample : Whole Blood	
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA	
Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	а

Sample ID: A0590058FemaleReg. No: 0312406290047SPP Code: SPL-CV-172CSCollected On: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AMReceived On: 29-Jun-2024 12:52 PMReported On: 29-Jun-2024 01:31 PMTarnakaReport Status: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY						
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)						
Haemoglobin (Hb)	12.9	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method		
RBC Count	4.80	10^12/L	3.8-4.8	Cell Impedence		
Haematocrit (HCT)	39.5	%	40-50	Calculated		
MCV	82	fl	81-101	Calculated		
МСН	26.8	pg	27-32	Calculated		
мснс	32.6	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated		
RDW-CV	13.7	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated		
Platelet Count (PLT)	280	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance		
Total WBC Count	10.5	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance		
Neutrophils	57	%	40-70	Cell Impedence		
Absolute Neutrophils Count	5.99	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence		
Lymphocytes	34	%	20-40	Cell Impedence		
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	3.57	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence		
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy		
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.63	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Eosinophils	03	%	1-6	Microscopy		
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.32	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated		
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy		
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated		
<u>Morphology</u>						
WBC						
RBC	Normocytic	normochromic	:			
Platelets	Adequate.			Microscopy		
Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases						
*** End Of Report ***						

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Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 12:52 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 02:54 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
		0.01/	

HAEMATOLOGY				
	VCMD A	DVANCE	PROFILE	
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	10	14 or less	Westergren method
			0

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN	Sample ID
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female	Reg. No
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status

Sample ID	: A0590059
Reg. No	: 0312406290047
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 12:47 PM
Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 03:00 PM
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	VCMD A	DVANC	E PRO	FILE	
	Results	Units	F	Ref. Range	Method
sting (F)	95	mg/dl		70-100	Hexokinase
Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2	2018				
FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucos	e(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA	
> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	
	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2 FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 100-125	VCMD A Results sting (F) 95 Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018 FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 2hrsPlasma Glucose 100-125 140-199	VCMD ADVANC Results Units Sting (F) 95 mg/dl Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018 FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 100-125 140-199	VCMD ADVANCE PRO Results Units I sting (F) 95 mg/dL I Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018 I I I FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) HbA1c(%) 100-125 140-199 5.7-6.4	Sting (F) 95 mg/dL 70-100 Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018 FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) HbA1c(%) RBS(mg/dL) 100-125 140-199 5.7-6.4 NA

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

*** End Of Report ***

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R.VAISHNAVI D BIOCHEMISTRY



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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 12:52 PM
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Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

ITDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD

VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	6.1	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	128.37	ma/dL		Calculated	

CUNICAL DIOCUEMICTOV

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERDETATION

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)	HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6. percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should b confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.
421		14%	commed by repeating the HDATC test.
386	_ A _	13%	
350	L	12%	
314	E E	11%	
279	R	10%	
243		9%	
208		8%	
172	POOR	7%	
136	GOOD	6%	
101	EXCELLENT	5%	

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

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Method

-	REPOR		
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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 04:50 PM
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Results

INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

Test	Name	

Calcium	8.8	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	Arsenazo
				1

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE

Units

Ref. Range

Comments:

• Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.

- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.







BIOCHEMISTRY



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Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 05:56 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		
CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					

VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Magnasium	1.0	ma/dl	1924	Mothylthympoliphus (MTD
Magnesium	1.8	mg/dL	1.8-2.4	Methylthymol blue (MTE
 About one half of the body's magnesium is found in bone. Magnesium is needed for many chemical processes in the function normally and to help regulate blood pressure. A high magnesium level may be due to: Diabetic ketoacidosis, a life-threatening problem .Loss of kidney function (acute or chronic renal for the function of the second second	ne body. It helps maintain norm Magnesium also helps the body in people with diabetes ailure)	nal muscle and nerve y control blood suga	e function, and keeps the bones stron	0 0
Phosphorus(PO4)	3.2	mg/dL	2.5-4.9	Phosphomolybdate UV
		0.1	La Lla alla C	, ,
Interpretation:				

• This will give an idea of renal and bone diseases.

Increased Phosphorus Or Hyperphosphatemia:

- Renal diseases with increased blood urea (BUN) and creatinine.
- Hypoparathyroidism with raised phosphate and decreased calcium. But renal function will be normal.
- Liver diseases and cirrhosis.
- Acromegaly.
- Increased dietary intake.
- Sarcoidosis.
- Acidosis
- Hemolytic anemia.

Decreased Level Of Phosphorus Or Hypophosphatemia:

- Decreased intestinal absorption.
- Rickets (Vit.D deficiency)
- Vomiting and severe diarrhea
- Severe malnutrition and malabsorption.
- Acute alcoholism.



BIOCHEMISTRY



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	CLINIC	AL BIOCHE	MISTRY	
	VCMD A	DVANCE	PROFILE	
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	18.32	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-<30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxica	CLIA

DEDOD

Interpretation:

1. Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.

2. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.

3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.

4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults 3.people with obesity.

4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method : CLIA

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12. Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include: Diseases that cause malabsorption

pg/mL

200-911

1.Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12

2. Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

1.Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)

2. Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

380





CLIA



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	CLINI	CAL BIOCHE	MISTRY	
	VCMD	ADVANCE F	PROFILE	
est Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
estosterone Total	<10.00	ng/dL	Refer Table	CLIA
Interpretation:	(Testosterone Reference Ranges)			
Age	Reference Range Male(ng/dL)	Reference Ra	nge Female(ng/dL)	
Newborn(1-15days)	75-400	20-64		
1-5 Months	1-177	1-5		
6-11 Months	2-7	2-5		
Children:				
1-5 Year	2-25	2-10		
6-9 Year	3-30	2-20		
Puberty Tanner Stage				
1	2-23	2-10		
2	5-70	5-30		
3	15-280	10-30	n a d a	
4	105-545	15-40		
5	265-800	10-40		
Adult	241-827	14-76		

• Testosterone is a steroid hormone (androgen) made by the testes in males. Its production is stimulated and controlled by luteinising hormone (LH), which is manufactured in the pituitary gland. In males, testosterone stimulates development of secondary sex characteristics, including enlargement of the penis, growth of body hair and muscle, and a deepening voice. It is present in large amounts in males during puberty and in adult males to regulate the sex drive and maintain muscle mass. Testosterone is also produced by the adrenal glands in both males and females and, in small amounts, by the ovaries in females. The body can convert testosterone to oestradiol, the main sex hormone in females. There is great variability in testosterone levels between men and it is normal for testosterone levels to decline as men get older. Hypogonadism in a male refers to a reduction in sperm and/or testosterone production.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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: A0590057 Sample ID Reg. No : 0312406290047 SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Collected On : 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM Received On : 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM : 29-Jun-2024 05:53 PM Reported On : Final Report **Report Status**

	CLINIC	AL BIOCHE	MISTRY	
			ROFILE	
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	222	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	145	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	42	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	151	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	29	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	180	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	5.29	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.28			
LDL/HDL Ratio	3.6	%	0-3.5	Calculated

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides in (mg/dL)	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL





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Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Ferritin	23.0	ng/mL	10-291	CLIA
The ferritin blood test measures the leve Ferritin is a protein inside your cells tha your blood. A higher-than-normal ferritin level may be	at stores iron. It allows your body	to use the iron wl	hen it needs it. A ferritin test i	ndirectly measures the amount of iron in
1.Liver disease due to alcohol abuse 2.Any autoimmune disorder, such as rh 3.Frequent transfusion of red blood cell A lower-than-normal level of ferritin occur 1.A diet too low in iron 2.Heavy bleeding from an injury	eumatoid arthritis	ron levels in the bo	dy. This type of anemia may be o	lue to:

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R.VAISHNAVI D BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

	REPORT
Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female
Referred by	: Dr. SELF
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

 Sample ID
 : A0590057

 Reg. No
 : 0312406290047

 SPP Code
 : SPL-CV-172

 Collected On
 : 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM

 Received On
 : 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM

 Reported On
 : 29-Jun-2024 04:50 PM

 Report Status
 : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Kidney Profile-KFT					
Creatinine -Serum	0.82	mg/dL	0.55-1.02	Sarcosine oxidase	
Urea-Serum	28.8	mg/dL	17.1-49.2	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation	
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	13.46	mg/dL	8.0-23.0	Calculated	
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	16.41		6 - 22		
Uric Acid	5.5	mg/dL	2.6-6.0	Uricase	
Sodium	138	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct	
Potassium	4.0	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct	
Chloride	99	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct	

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

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Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	0.5	mg/dL	0.2-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.4	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	24	U/L	5-48	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	11	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	82	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	35	U/L	5-55	IFCC
Protein - Total	6.5	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	4.0	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)
Globulin	2.5	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	1.6	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	2.18			

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***

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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female
Referred by	: Dr. SELF
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID	: A0590057
Reg. No	: 0312406290047
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM
Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 04:50 PM
Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method					
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	118.89	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine) 11.6 μg/dL 3.2-12.6 CLIA					
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	5.00	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimest	er :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/	dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

• Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

• Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.

- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.





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Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female
Referred by	: Dr. SELF
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0590057 Reg. No : 0312406290047 SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Collected On : 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM Received On : 29-Jun-2024 01:04 PM Reported On : 29-Jun-2024 04:50 PM **Report Status** : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE					
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method					
Iron Profile-I					
Iron(Fe)	72	µg/dL	50-170	Ferene	
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	362	µg/dL	250-450	Ferene	
Transferrin	253.15	mg/dL	250-380	Calculated	
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	19.89	%	15-50	Calculated	
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	290	ug/dL	110-370	FerroZine	

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high

Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal . disease

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.



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Name	: Mrs. M NOORJAHAN
Age/Gender	: 66 Years 8 Months 13 Days/Female
Referred by	: Dr. SELF
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample	:
Sample Tested In	: Urine
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

REPORT Sample IF

Sample ID	: A0643509
Reg. No	: 0312406290047
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 29-Jun-2024 11:47 AM
Received On	: 29-Jun-2024 12:52 PM
Reported On	: 29-Jun-2024 01:17 PM
Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY VCMD ADVANCE PROFILE						
Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)						
Physical Examination						
Colour	Pale Yellow	V	Straw to light amber			
Appearance	Clear		Clear			
Chemical Examination						
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Protein	Absent		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Bilirubin (Bile)	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Urobilinogen	Negative		Negative	Ehrlichs reagent		
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000 - 1.030	Strip Reflectance		
Blood	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Reaction (pH)	6.0		5.0 - 8.5	Reagent Strip Reflectance		
Nitrites	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance		
Leukocyte esterase	Negative		Negative	Reagent Strip Reflectance		
Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)						
PUS(WBC) Cells	02-03	/hpf	00-05	Microscopy		
R.B.C.	Nil	/hpf	Nil	Microscopic		
Epithelial Cells	01-02	/hpf	00-05	Microscopic		
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopic		
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopic		
Bacteria	Nil		Nil			
Budding Yeast Cells	Nil		Absent	Microscopy		

Correlate Clinically.

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