



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

 Name
 : Mr. NAGESHWAR RAO
 Sample ID
 : A0643663, A0643666

 Age/Gender
 : 58 Years/Male
 Reg. No
 : 0312407040006

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 04-Jul-2024 08:28 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 04-Jul-2024 12:44 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum, Urine Reported On : 04-Jul-2024 05:49 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

C-Reactive protein-(CRP) 11.81 mg/L Upto:6.0 Immunoturbidimetry

Interpretation:

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

Protein - Random Urine	12.36	mg/dL	1-14	Pyrogallol Red
Creatinine - Random Urine	98.72	mg/dL	22-398	kinetic Jaffe reaction.
Protein/Creatinine Ratio	0.13		< 0.20	Calculated

Interpretation:

The urine protein test measures the amount of protein being excreted in the urine. Proteinuria is frequently seen in chronic diseases, such as diabetes and hypertension, with increasing amounts of protein in the urine reflecting increasing kidney damage. With early kidney damage, the affected person is often asymptomatic. As damage progresses, or if protein loss is severe, the person may develop symptoms such as edema, shortness of breath, nausea, and fatigue. Excess protein overproduction, as seen with multiple myeloma, lymphoma, and amyloidosis, can also lead to proteinuria. Creatinine, a byproduct of muscle metabolism, is normally released into the urine at a constant rate.

Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR):

GFR by MDRD Formula 102 mL/min/1.73m2 69 - 122 Calculated

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***



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REPORT

Name : Mr. NAGESHWAR RAO Sample ID : A0643661

Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312407040006 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 04-Jul-2024 08:28 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 04-Jul-2024 12:44 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 04-Jul-2024 01:00 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	13.3	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	39.1	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.13	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	95	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	32.0	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	34.0	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	15.9	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	150	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	4.3	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	63	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	27	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	04	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	0	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	2.71	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	1.16	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.26	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.17	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytosis	with Normocyt	ic normochromic	PAPs Staining

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

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REPORT

Name : Mr. NAGESHWAR RAO

Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0643661

Reg. No : 0312407040006

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Collected On : 04-Jul-2024 08:28 AM

Received On : 04-Jul-2024 12:44 PM

Reported On : 04-Jul-2024 02:00 PM

Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) 10 mm/hr 12 or less Westergren method

Comments: ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.









Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name : Mr. NAGESHWAR RAO

Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F)

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0643664

Reg. No : 0312407040006

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Collected On : 04-Jul-2024 08:28 AM

Received On : 04-Jul-2024 12:44 PM

Reported On : 04-Jul-2024 01:42 PM

Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 98 mg/dL 70-100 Hexokinase

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

	Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Ш	Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
	Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

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Excellence In Health Care











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Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312407040006

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - R

IIEAEIIII ACRAGE - B					
Test Name	Method				
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	6.1	%	Non Diabetic: < 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	128.37	mg/dL		Calculated	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A10 (%)
421		14%
386	A	13%
350	L	12%
314	E	11%
279	R	10%
243	T	9%
208		8%
172	POOR	7%
136	GOOD	6%
101	EXCELLENT	5%

HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Calcium 9.0 mg/dL 8.5-10.1 Arsenazo

Comments:

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a
 free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower
 Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

Phosphorus(PO4) 3.1 mg/dL 2.5-4.9 Phosphomolybdate UV

Interpretation:

This will give an idea of renal and bone diseases.

Increased Phosphorus Or Hyperphosphatemia:

- Renal diseases with increased blood urea (BUN) and creatinine.
- Hypoparathyroidism with raised phosphate and decreased calcium. But renal function will be normal.
- Liver diseases and cirrhosis.
- Acromegaly.
- Increased dietary intake.
- Sarcoidosis.
- Acidosis
- Hemolytic anemia.

Decreased Level Of Phosphorus Or Hypophosphatemia:

- · Decreased intestinal absorption.
- Rickets (Vit.D deficiency)
- Vomiting and severe diarrhea
- Severe malnutrition and malabsorption.
- Acute alcoholism.











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Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

: Serum

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Sample ID : A0643663

Reg. No : 0312407040006

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - R

HEAETH AGRAGE B					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	18.98	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-<30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency	CLIA	
			>100.0-Potential Intoxication	on	

Interpretation:

Sample Tested In

- 1. Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
- 2. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
- 3.The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.
- 4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method: CLIA

Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin) 365 pg/mL 211-911 **CLIA**

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include: Diseases that cause malabsorption

- 1.Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- 2. Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- 1.Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- 2. Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
169	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
166	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
42	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
93.8	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
33.2	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
127	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
4.02	%	0-4.0	Calculated
0.45			
2.23	%	0-3.5	Calculated
	169 166 42 93.8 33.2 127 4.02	169 mg/dL 166 mg/dL 42 mg/dL 93.8 mg/dL 33.2 mg/dL 127 mg/dL 4.02 % 0.45	169 mg/dL < 200 166 mg/dL < 150 42 mg/dL 40-60 93.8 mg/dL < 100 33.2 mg/dL 7-35 127 mg/dL < 130 4.02 % 0-4.0 0.45

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides in (mg/dL)	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	I DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

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REPORT

Name: Mr. NAGESHWAR RAOSample ID: A0643663Age/Gender: 58 Years/MaleReg. No: 03124070

Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312407040006 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	0.85	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Sarcosine oxidase
Urea-Serum	17.5	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Glutamate dehydrogenase+Calculation
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	8.19	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	9.64		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	9.1	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase
Sodium	139	mmol/L	136-145	ISE Direct
Potassium	4.0	mmol/L	3.5-5.1	ISE Direct
Chloride	99	mmol/L	98-108	ISE Direct

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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Toet Name



Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Method

REPORT

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Pof Pango

lest name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	2.0	mg/dL	0.3-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.4	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	1.6	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	39	U/L	5-40	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	15	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	66	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	91	U/L	15-85	IFCC
Protein - Total	7.1	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	3.9	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)
Globulin	3.2	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	1.22	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	2.60			

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	135.56	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine)	10.2	μg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	5.45	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronine	e):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimes	ster :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.











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Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Serum

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0643663

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Iron Profile-I					
Iron(Fe)	165	μg/dL	65-175	Ferene	
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	362	μg/dL	250-450	Ferene	
Transferrin	253.15	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated	
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	45.58	%	20-50	Calculated	
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	197	µg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine	

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high
- Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.











Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mr. NAGESHWAR RAO Sample ID : A0643666

Age/Gender : 58 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312407040006 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 04-Jul-2024 08:28 AM

Primary Sample : Received On : 04-Jul-2024 12:44 PM Sample Tested In : Urine Reported On : 04-Jul-2024 01:49 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

HEALTH PACKAGE - B

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Colour Pale Yellow Straw to light amber

Appearance Clear Clear

Chemical Examination

Glucose Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Protein Absent Strip Reflectance Negative Bilirubin (Bile) Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Urobilinogen Negative Negative Ehrlichs reagent Ketone Bodies Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 1.005 Specific Gravity 1.000 - 1.030 Strip Reflectance Blood Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 6.5 5.0 - 8.5

Reaction (pH) 6.5 5.0 - 8.5 Reagent Strip Reflectance

Nitrites Negative Negative Strip Reflectance

Leukocyte esterase Negative Negative Reagent Strip Reflectance

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells 02-03 /hpf 00-05 Microscopy R.B.C. Nil /hpf Nil Microscopic **Epithelial Cells** 01-02 /hpf 00-05 Microscopic Casts Absent Absent Microscopic Absent Crystals Absent Microscopic

Bacteria Nil Nil

Budding Yeast Cells Nil Absent Microscopy

Correlate Clinically.

Laboratory is NABL Accredited

*** End Of Report ***







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY