

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

: A0644100

REPORT

Name : Mrs. PAVANNI Sample ID

Age/Gender : 36 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312407220002

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 22-Jul-2024 08:03 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 22-Jul-2024 01:04 PM
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 22-Jul-2024 03:03 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

| GENTIONE BIOCITEMIOTICI | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|--|------------|--|
| Test Name | Results | Units | Ref. Range | Method | |
| Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) | 10.0 | % | Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5 | HPLC | |
| Mean Plasma Glucose | 240.3 | mg/dL | | Calculated | |

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose (MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform.

| Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL) | Level of Control | Hemoglobin A10 (%) |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 421 | | 14% |
| 386 | A | 13% |
| 350 | L | 12% |
| 314 | E | 11% |
| 279 | R | 10% |
| 243 | T | 9% |
| 208 | | 8% |
| 172 | POOR | 7% |
| 136 | GOOD | 6% |
| 101 | EXCELLENT | 5% |

HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited







DR. VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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REPORT

Name : Mrs. PAVANNI Sample ID : A0644099 Age/Gender : 36 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312407220002

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 22-Jul-2024 08:03 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 22-Jul-2024 01:04 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 22-Jul-2024 02:51 PM Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|--------|--|
| Test Name | Results | Units | Ref. Range | Method | |
| | | | | | |
| Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) | | | | | |
| T3 (Triiodothyronine) | 114.36 | ng/dL | 70-204 | CLIA | |
| T4 (Thyroxine) | 9.5 | μg/dL | 3.2-12.6 | CLIA | |
| TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone | 5.14 | μIU/mL | 0.35-5.5 | CLIA | |

| Pregnancy & Cord Blood | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| T3 (Triiodothyronine): | T4 (Thyroxine) | TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) |
| First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL | 15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL | First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL |
| Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL | | Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL |
| | | Third Trimester : 0 43-2 78 uIU/ml |

Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 μg/dL Cord Blood: 2.3-13.2 μIU/mL

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are
 secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other
 organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

Interpretation:

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*** End Of Report ***







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