



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name : Mrs. UMA DEVI Sample ID : A0590246 Age/Gender : 63 Years/Female : 0312407300005 Reg. No Referred by SPP Code : Dr. AVINASH : SPL-CV-172 Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 30-Jul-2024 08:41 AM

Primary Sample : Received On : 30-Jul-2024 06:23 PM Sample Tested In : Capillary Tube Reported On : 30-Jul-2024 06:28 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAE	ΜΑΊ	ΓOL	OC	ìΥ
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Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Bleeding Time & Clotting Time				
Bleeding Time (BT)	03:10	Minutes	2 - 5	Capillary Method
Clotting Time (CT)	05:20	Minutes	3 - 7	Capillary Method

*** End Of Report ***





Swornabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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REPORT

Name : Mrs. UMA DEVI Sample ID : A0590243
Age/Gender : 63 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312407300005
Referred by : Dr. AVINASH SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 30-Jul-2024 08:41 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 30-Jul-2024 03:24 PM
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 30-Jul-2024 03:24 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	11.9	g/dL	12-15	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	34.6	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	4.53	10^12/L	3.8-4.8	Cell Impedence
MCV	76	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	26.2	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	34.3	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	14.6	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	243	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	6.5	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	55	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	35	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	04	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.58	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.28	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.39	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.26	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytos	sis with Normoc	ytic normochromic	PAPs Staining







Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY





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REPORT

 Name
 : Mrs. UMA DEVI
 Sample ID
 : A0590244, A0590245

 Age/Gender
 : 63 Years/Female
 Reg. No
 : 0312407300005

 Referred by
 : Dr. AVINASH
 SPP Code
 : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 30-Jul-2024 08:41 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 30-Jul-2024 02:29 PM

Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP) Reported On : 30-Jul-2024 06:49 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 170 mg/dL 70-100 Hexokinase

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 234 mg/dL 70-140

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	> = 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- If glucose level is >140 mg/dL and <200 mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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DR. VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY

Hexokinase (HK)



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REPORT

Name : Mrs. UMA DEVI Sample ID : A0590243

Age/Gender : 63 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312407300005 Referred by : Dr. AVINASH SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 30-Jul-2024 08:41 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 30-Jul-2024 02:29 PM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 30-Jul-2024 03:57 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

CENTICAL BIOCHEMICAN					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	8.2	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	188.64	mg/dL		Calculated	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose (MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A10 (%)
421		14%
386	_ A	13%
350	L	12%
314	E	11%
279	R	10%
243	T	9%
208	_	8%
172	POOR	7%
136	GOOD	6%
101	EXCELLENT	5%

HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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Age/Gender : 63 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312407300005

Referred by : Dr. AVINASH SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 30-Jul-2024 08:41 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 30-Jul-2024 02:43 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 30-Jul-2024 05:08 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Method				
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	118.54	ng/dL	40-181	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine)	7.8	μg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	5.57	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
		Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 μg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are
 secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other
 organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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*** End Of Report ***







