

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT				
Name	: Mr. SRIDHAR	Sample ID	: A0590748	
Age/Gender	: 33 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408100016	
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172	
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM	
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:20 PM	
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 03:11 PM	
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report	

	HA	EMATOLO	GY			
	SAGI	EPATH CAR	E 1.2			
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method		
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)						
Haemoglobin (Hb)	15.4	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method		
RBC Count	5.61	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence		
Haematocrit (HCT)	46.9	%	40-50	Calculated		
MCV	84	fl	81-101	Calculated		
МСН	27.4	pg	27-32	Calculated		
МСНС	32.8	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated		
RDW-CV	12.9	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated		
Platelet Count (PLT)	338	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance		
Total WBC Count	7.3	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance		
Neutrophils	65	%	40-70	Cell Impedence		
Absolute Neutrophils Count	4.75	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence		
Lymphocytes	30	%	20-40	Cell Impedence		
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.19	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence		
Monocytes	03	%	2-10	Microscopy		
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.22	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy		
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.15	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated		
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy		
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated		
<u>Morphology</u>						
WBC	Within Nor	mal Limits				
RBC	Normocytic	c normochromic	;			
Platelets	Adequate.			Microscopy		
Result rechecked and verified for a			Ψ			
*** End Of Report ***						

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Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



**Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)** 

## Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Westergren method

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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:20 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 03:32 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

HAEMATOLOGY					
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2					
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method					

mm/hr

10 or less

**Comments :** ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.

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Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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Age/Gender	: 33 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408100016	
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172	
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM	
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM	
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 02:19 PM	
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report	

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
Glucose Fas	sting (F)	86	mg/dl		70-100	Hexokinase
Interpretation of F	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2	2018				_
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose	e(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	
<u> </u>	1	1		1	n	

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM	
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:20 PM	
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 07:08 PM	
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report	

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.5	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	111.15	mg/dL		Calculated	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

#### INTERPRETATION Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform. HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased Average risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be Level of Hemoglobin A1c Blood Glucose(eAG) Control (%) (mg/dL) confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test. 421 14% 386 13% 350 L 12% E 314 11% R 279 10% Т 9% 243 208 8% 172 POOR 7% 136 GOOD 6% 5% 101 NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

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BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

-	REPORT -		
Name	: Mr. SRIDHAR	Sample ID	: A0590747
Age/Gender	: 33 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408100016
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 07:33 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Calcium	10.0	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	Arsenazo	

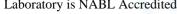
Comments:

• Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.

- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- · Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

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	-	REPORT		
	Name	: Mr. SRIDHAR	Sample ID	: A0590747
	Age/Gender	: 33 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408100016
	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM
	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM
	Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 06:38 PM
. ЦО.	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

SE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTI

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	257	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	74	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	31	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	211.2	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	14.8	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	226	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	8.29	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.15			
LDL/HDL Ratio	6.81	%	0-3.5	Calculated

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Trialvcerides	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
HIAN	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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OCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPC	DRI ————	
: Mr. SRIDHAR	Sample ID	: A0590747
: 33 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408100016
: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM
: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM
: Serum	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 04:51 PM
: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
	: Mr. SRIDHAR : 33 Years/Male : Dr. SELF : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS : Whole Blood : Serum	: 33 Years/MaleReg. No: Dr. SELFSPP Code: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICSCollected On: Whole BloodReceived On: SerumReported On

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method							
Kidney Profile-KFT							
Creatinine -Serum	0.87	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Jaffes Kinetic			
Urea-Serum	27.8	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Calculated			
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	12.98	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated			
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	14.92		6 - 22				
Uric Acid	5.65	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase			
Sodium	142	mmol/L	135-150	ISE Direct			
Potassium	3.9	mmol/L	3.5-5.0	ISE Direct			
Chloride	104	mmol/L	94-110	ISE Direct			

#### Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

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Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 07:33 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

SE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY								
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2								
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method								
Liver Function Test (LFT)								
Bilirubin(Total)	0.9	mg/dL	0.1-1.2	Diazo				
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3	Diazo				
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.7	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated				
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	23	U/L	15-37	IFCC UV Assay				
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	35	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)				
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	168	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP				
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	48	U/L	15-85	IFCC				
Protein - Total	8.1	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret				
Albumin	5.1	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)				
Globulin	3	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated				
A:G Ratio	1.7	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated				
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	0.66							

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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OCHEMISTRY



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	REPURI
Name	: Mr. SRIDHAR
Age/Gender	: 33 Years/Male
Referred by	: Dr. SELF
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

 Sample ID
 : A0590747

 Reg. No
 : 0312408100016

 SPP Code
 : SPL-CV-172

 Collected On
 : 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM

 Received On
 : 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM

 Reported On
 : 10-Aug-2024 07:33 PM

 Report Status
 : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method							
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)							
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	100.98	ng/dL	70-204	CLIA			
<b>Τ4 (Thyroxine)</b> 10.7 μg/dL 3.2-12.6 CLIA							
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	2.63	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA			

T3 (Triiodothyronin	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trime	ester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 n	g/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

• Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.

• Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.

- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.







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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
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Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID	: A0590747
Reg. No	: 0312408100016
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 10-Aug-2024 12:28 PM
Received On	: 10-Aug-2024 01:27 PM
Reported On	: 10-Aug-2024 07:33 PM
Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2							
Test Name     Results     Units     Ref. Range     Method							
Iron Profile-I							
Iron(Fe)	168	µg/dL	65-175	Ferrozine			
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	391	µg/dL	250-450	Ferrozine			
Transferrin	273.43	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated			
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	42.97	%	20-50	Calculated			
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	223	µg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine			

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#### Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

Correlate Clinically.

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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



