

REPORT

Name	: Mr. ESHWARAMMA	Sample ID	: A0590845
Age/Gender	: 89 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408150002
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 15-Aug-2024 08:12 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 15-Aug-2024 03:49 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 15-Aug-2024 05:15 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
C-Reactive protein-(CRP)	99.62	mg/L	Upto:6.0	Immunoturbidimetry

Interpretation:

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***



Dr. Vaishnavi
DR.VAISHNAVI
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

REPORT

Name	: Mr. ESHWARAMMA	Sample ID	: A0590846
Age/Gender	: 89 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408150002
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 15-Aug-2024 08:12 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 15-Aug-2024 03:45 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 15-Aug-2024 04:21 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	8.8	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method
Haematocrit (HCT)	28.0	%	40-50	Calculated
RBC Count	3.09	10 ¹² /L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
MCV	91	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	28.5	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	32.5	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	19.2	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	150	10 ⁹ /L	150-410	Cell Impedence
Total WBC Count	8.6	10 ⁹ /L	4.0-10.0	Impedence
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)				
Neutrophils	70	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Lymphocytes	24	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Monocytes	04	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Neutrophils Count	6.02	10 ⁹ /L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.06	10 ⁹ /L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.34	10 ⁹ /L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.17	10 ⁹ /L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Morphology	Anisocytosis With Normocytic Normochromic			PAPs Staining



Swarnabala - M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	7.98	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (µIU/mL))	
First Trimester	: 0.24-2.99
Second Trimester	: 0.46-2.95
Third Trimester	: 0.43-2.78
Cord Blood	: 2.3-13.2

- TSH is synthesized and secreted by the anterior pituitary in response to a negative feedback mechanism involving concentrations of FT3 (free T3) and FT4 (free T4). Additionally, the hypothalamic tripeptide, thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH), directly stimulates TSH production.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low
- TRH stimulation differentiates secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism by observing the change in patient TSH levels. Typically, the TSH response to TRH stimulation is absent in cases of secondary hypothyroidism, and normal to exaggerated in tertiary hypothyroidism
- Historically, TRH stimulation has been used to confirm primary hyperthyroidism, indicated by elevated T3 and T4 levels and low or undetectable TSH levels. TSH assays with increased sensitivity and specificity provide a primary diagnostic tool to differentiate hyperthyroid from euthyroid patients.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Laboratory is NABL Accredited



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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	1.27	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Jaffes Kinetic
Urea-Serum	46.6	mg/dL	17.1-49.2	Calculated
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	21.78	mg/dL	8.0-23.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	17.15		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	7.8	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase
Sodium	142	mmol/L	135-150	ISE Direct
Potassium	3.9	mmol/L	3.5-5.0	ISE Direct
Chloride	101	mmol/L	94-110	ISE Direct

Interpretation:

- The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes through the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

Excellence In Health Care



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REPORT

Name	: Mr. ESHWARAMMA	Sample ID	: A0643623
Age/Gender	: 89 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408150002
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 15-Aug-2024 08:12 AM
Primary Sample	:	Received On	: 15-Aug-2024 03:45 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine	Reported On	: 15-Aug-2024 05:16 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)				
Physical Examination				
Colour	Yellowish		Straw to light amber	
Appearance	HAZY		Clear	
Chemical Examination				
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Protein	(+)		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Bilirubin (Bile)	(+)		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Urobilinogen	Negative		Negative	Ehrlichs reagent
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Specific Gravity	1.005		1.000 - 1.030	Strip Reflectance
Blood	(+)		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Reaction (pH)	7.0		5.0 - 8.5	Reagent Strip Reflectance
Nitrites	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Leukocyte esterase	(++)		Negative	Reagent Strip Reflectance
Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)				
PUS(WBC) Cells	06-08	/hpf	00-05	Microscopy
R.B.C.	02-04	/hpf	Nil	Microscopic
Epithelial Cells	01-02	/hpf	00-05	Microscopic
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Bacteria	Nil		Nil	
Budding Yeast Cells	Nil		Absent	Microscopy

Comments :Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections,diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity.

Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***



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