

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

		REPORT -		
	Name	: Mr. K SANTHOSH	Sample ID	: A0933628
	Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408260004
	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM
	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM
	Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:35 PM
	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
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HAEMATOLOGY							
	SAG	EPATH CAR	E 1.2				
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method			
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)							
Haemoglobin (Hb)	16.3	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method			
RBC Count	5.18	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence			
Haematocrit (HCT)	45.3	%	40-50	Calculated			
MCV	88	fl	81-101	Calculated			
МСН	31.4	pg	27-32	Calculated			
МСНС	34.5	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated			
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated			
Platelet Count (PLT)	295	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance			
Total WBC Count	9.1	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance			
Neutrophils	62	%	40-70	Cell Impedence			
Absolute Neutrophils Count	5.64	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence			
Lymphocytes	30 30	%	20-40	Cell Impedence			
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.73	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence			
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy			
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.55	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated			
Eosinophils	02	%	1-6	Microscopy			
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.18	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated			
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy			
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated			
Atypical cells / Blasts	00	%					
<u>Morphology</u>							
WBC	Within Nor	mal Limits					
RBC	Normocytic	c normochromic	;				
Platelets	Adequate.			Microscopy			

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Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Westergren method

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM			
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 02:18 PM			
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			

HAEMATOLOGY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						

mm/hr

10 or less

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.

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	KEP		
Name	: Mr. K SANTHOSH	Sample ID	: A0933615, A0933617
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408260004
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP)	Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 02:09 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

PVT. LTD.

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)						
est Name		Results	Units		AL (PP) Ref. Range	Method
		noouno	onno			motilou
lucose Fas	sting (F)	115	mg/dL	_	70-100	Hexokinase
terpretation of F	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guideline	es 2018				
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose((mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	
eference: Diat	betes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S2	27]			
lucose Pos	betes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S2 st Prandial (PP) Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelind	135	mg/dL	-	70-140	Hexokinase (HK
Iucose Pos	st Prandial (PP)	135		- HbA1c(%)	70-140	Hexokinase (HK)
Iucose Pos	st Prandial (PP) Plasma Glucose based on ADA guideling	135 es 2018				Hexokinase (HK

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	7.0	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	154.2	mg/dL		Calculated	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically. INTERPRETATION

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)	HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should l confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.
421		14%	commed by repeating the HDATC test.
386	_ A _	13%	
350	L	12%	
314	E	11%	
279	R	10%	
243		9%	
208		8%	
172	POOR	7%	
136	GOOD	6%	
101	EXCELLENT	5%	

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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 03:04 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Calcium	9.0	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	Arsenazo	

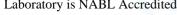
Comments:

• Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.

- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- · Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

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T. LTD.	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	· Final Report

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Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Lipid Profile					
Cholesterol Total	138	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD	
Triglycerides-TGL	205	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD	
Cholesterol-HDL	42	mg/dL	40-60	Direct	
Cholesterol-LDL	55	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated	
Cholesterol- VLDL	41	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated	
Non HDL Cholesterol	96	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated	
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	3.29	%	0-4.0	Calculated	
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.76				
LDL/HDL Ratio	1.31	%	0-3.5	Calculated	

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
Kidney Profile-KFT						
Creatinine -Serum	0.95	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Jaffes Kinetic		
Urea-Serum	35.8	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Calculated		
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	16.73	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated		
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	17.61		6 - 22			
Uric Acid	3.5	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase		
Sodium	142	mmol/L	135-150	ISE Direct		
Potassium	3.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.0	ISE Direct		
Chloride	99	mmol/L	94-110	ISE Direct		

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

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Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status

: A0933627 : 0312408260004 : SPL-CV-172 : 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM : 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM : 26-Aug-2024 03:04 PM : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
Liver Function Test (LFT)						
Bilirubin(Total)	0.9	mg/dL	0.1-1.2	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3	Diazo		
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.7	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated		
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	24	U/L	15-37	IFCC UV Assay		
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	23	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)		
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	91	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP		
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	95	U/L	15-85	IFCC		
Protein - Total	6.7	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret		
Albumin	4.2	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)		
Globulin	2.5	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated		
A:G Ratio	1.68	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated		
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.04					

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:03 PM				
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T. LTD.	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report				

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SAGEPATH CARE 1.2 Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) T3 (Triiodothyronine) 145.32 ng/dL 70-204 CLIA T4 (Thyroxine) 3.2-12.6 CLIA 9.1 µg/dL **TSH - Thyroid Stimulating Hormone** 2.50 µIU/mL 0.35-5.5 CLIA

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronine):		T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL		15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL			Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL		Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.





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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood
Sample Tested In	: Serum
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID	: A0933627
Reg. No	: 0312408260004
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM
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Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 03:04 PM
Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method						
Iron Profile-I						
Iron(Fe)	86	µg/dL	65-175	Ferrozine		
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	410	µg/dL	250-450	Ferrozine		
Transferrin	286.71	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated		
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	20.98	%	20-50	Calculated		
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	324	µg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine		

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.





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	REPURI		
Name	: Mr. K SANTHOSH	Sample ID	: a0287192
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312408260004
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Aug-2024 08:53 AM
Primary Sample	:	Received On	: 26-Aug-2024 01:01 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine	Reported On	: 26-Aug-2024 06:20 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

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		AL PATHO		
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)				
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow		Straw to light amber	
Appearance	HAZY		Clear	
Chemical Examination				
Glucose	(+)		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Protein	(+)		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Bilirubin (Bile)	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Urobilinogen	Negative		Negative	Ehrlichs reagent
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000 - 1.030	Strip Reflectance
Blood	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Reaction (pH)	6.0		5.0 - 8.5	Reagent Strip Reflectance
Nitrites	Negative		Negative	Strip Reflectance
Leukocyte esterase	Negative		Negative	Reagent Strip Reflectance
Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)				
PUS(WBC) Cells	03-04	/hpf	00-05	Microscopy
R.B.C.	Nil	/hpf	Nil	Microscopic
Epithelial Cells	01-02	/hpf	00-05	Microscopic
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Bacteria	Nil		Nil	·
Budding Yeast Cells	Nil		Absent	Microscopy

Comments: Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections, diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity.

Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***



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