

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT

Name: Mr. CH MADHUSUDHANSample ID: A0933911, A0933909Age/Gender: 45 Years/MaleReg. No: 0312409030003Referred by: Dr. SELFSPP Code: SPL-CV-172Referring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICSCollected On: 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Sample Tested In : Urine, Serum Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 02:11 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method Microalbumin-Random Urine 6.06 mg/L Upto 30.0 Immunoturbidimetry

Interpretation:

- This test looks for a protein called albumin in a urine sample.
- People with diabetes have an increased risk of kidney damage. The "filters" in the kidneys, called nephrons, slowly thicken and become scarred over time. The nephrons begin to leak
 protein into the urine. This kidney damage can also happen years before any diabetes symptoms begin. In the early stages of kidney problems, blood tests that measure kidney function
 are usually normal.
- If you have diabetes, you should have this test each year. The test checks for signs of early kidney problems.
- If this test shows that you are starting to have a kidney problem, you can get treatment before the problem gets worse. People with severe kidney damage may need dialysis. They may eventually need a new kidney (kidney transplant).

Cardiac Risk Markers(5)

Apolipoprotein (APO-B)	102	mg/dL	60.0-140.0	Immunoturbidimetry
Apolipoprotein B/A1 Ratio	1		0.35 - 1.00	Calculation
Apolipoprotein(APO A1)	170	mg/dL	110 - 205	Immunoturbidimetry
Homocysteine-Serum	9.7	μmol/L	3.7 - 13.9	CLIA
High Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein(hsCRP)	0.44 Excel	mg/L	Low Risk :< 1.0 Average Risk:1.0-3.0 High Risk: > 3.0	Immunoturbidimetry
Lipoprotein (a) - Lp(a)	10.2	mg/dL	< 30.0	Immunoturbidimetry

*** End Of Report ***







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REPORT

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN Sample ID : A0933914

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 11:28 AM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	11.7	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method
RBC Count	4.42	10^12/L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedence
Haematocrit (HCT)	38.9	%	40-50	Calculated
MCV	88	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	26.5	pg	27-32	Calculated
мснс	30.1	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	12.8	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated
Platelet Count (PLT)	247	10^9/L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	5.4	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Neutrophils	58	%	40-70	Cell Impedence
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.13	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	Impedence
Lymphocytes	35	%	20-40	Cell Impedence
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	1.89	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	Impedence
Monocytes	04	%	2-10	Microscopy
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.22	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Eosinophils	03	%	1-6	Microscopy
Absolute Eosinophils Count	0.16	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	Calculated
Basophils	0	%	1-2	Microscopy
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	Calculated
Atypical cells / Blasts	00	%		
<u>Morphology</u>				
WBC	Within Norma			
RBC	Normocytic r	normochromic		

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

Adequate.

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Platelets





Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

Microscopy



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REPORT

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0933914

Reg. No : 0312409030003

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM

Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 12:07 PM

Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) 15 mm/hr 10 or less Westergren method

Comments: ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.









Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

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: A0933911

REPORT

Sample ID

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Primary Sample Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM Sample Tested In : Urine Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 12:35 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name Results **Units** Ref. Range Method

Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Colour Pale Yellow Straw to light amber

Appearance Clear Clear

Chemical Examination

Negative Glucose Negative Strip Reflectance Protein Absent Strip Reflectance Negative Bilirubin (Bile) Negative Negative Strip Reflectance Urobilinogen Negative Negative Ehrlichs reagent Ketone Bodies Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 1.005 Specific Gravity 1.000 - 1.030 Strip Reflectance Blood Negative Negative Strip Reflectance 6.0 5.0 - 8.5Reaction (pH)

Reagent Strip Reflectance **Nitrites**

Negative Negative Strip Reflectance

Negative Negative Reagent Strip Reflectance Leukocyte esterase

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells 02-04 /hpf 00-05 Microscopy R.B.C. Nil /hpf Nil Microscopic **Epithelial Cells** 01-02 /hpf 00-05 Microscopic Casts Absent Absent Microscopic Absent Absent Crystals Microscopic Bacteria Nil Nil

Nil Absent **Budding Yeast Cells** Microscopy







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REPORT

 Name
 : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN
 Sample ID
 : A0933912, A0933910

 Age/Gender
 : 45 Years/Male
 Reg. No
 : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 12:36 PM Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP) Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 01:46 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)

Test Name Results Units Ref. Range Method

Glucose Fasting (F) 91 mg/dL 70-100 Hexokinase

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	>= 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

Glucose Post Prandial (PP) 104 mg/dL 70-140 Hexokinase (HK)

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	> = 126	>= 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- If glucose level is >140 mg/dL and <200 mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.
- Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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: A0933914

REPORT

Sample ID

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM

Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 12:30 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

of E MALE HEALTH Officer (100)					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.7	%	Non Diabetic: < 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic: >= 6.5	HPLC	
Mean Plasma Glucose	116.89	mg/dL		Calculated	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG):This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A10 (%)
421		14%
386	_ A	13%
350	L	12%
314	E	11%
279	R	10%
243	Т	9%
208	_	8%
172	POOR	7%
136	GOOD	6%
101	EXCELLENT	5%

HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

*** End Of Report ***

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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg. No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

Arsenazo

REPORT

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN Sample ID : A0933909

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 01:33 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

of E MALE HEALTH OFFICE (00)					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	

mg/dL

Comments:

Calcium

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a
 free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower
 Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

9.5

25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D
21.01
ng/mL
<20.0-Deficiency
CLIA
20.0-30.0-Insufficiency
30.0-100.0-Sufficiency

>100.0-Potential Intoxication

8.5-10.1

Interpretation:

1.Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.

2.Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.

3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.

4.The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

- 1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun
- 2.older adults
- 3.people with obesity.
- 4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method: CLIA









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: A0933909

REPORT

Name : Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Serum

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

SPP Code Collected On

Reg. No

Sample ID

: SPL-CV-172 : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM

: 0312409030003

Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM

Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 01:33 PM

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name Result	s Units	Ref. Range	Method
10011101110			

Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin) 237 pg/mL 211-911 CLIA

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

- Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

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Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	181	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	221	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	49	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	87.8	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	44.2	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	132	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	3.69	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.56			
LDL/HDL Ratio	1.79	%	0-3.5	Calculated

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Trialycaridae	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190 	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL











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Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Serum

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0933909

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method

Prostate-specific Antigen (PSA) 0.96 ng/mL 0.0-4.0 CLIA

Interpretation:

• PSA is a glycoprotein present in the cytoplasm of the epithelial cells and ducts of the prostate and in the prostatic carcinoma.

Increase PSA has been seen in:

- Prostatic cancers.
- Benign prostatic hyperplasia.
- Prostatitis.
- · Prostatic infarction.
- · In the case of rectal manipulation of the prostate

Note: This interval is not intended to be used as a reference for posttreatment follow-up and monitoring of patients.

Ferritin 102 ng/mL 22-322 CLIA

Interpretation:

The ferritin blood test measures the level of ferritin in the blood.

Ferritin is a protein inside your cells that stores iron. It allows your body to use the iron when it needs it. A ferritin test indirectly measures the amount of iron in your blood.

A higher-than-normal ferritin level may be due to:

- 1.Liver disease due to alcohol abuse
- 2. Any autoimmune disorder, such as rheumatoid arthritis
- 3.Frequent transfusion of red blood cells
- A lower-than-normal level of ferritin occurs if you have anemia caused by low iron levels in the body. This type of anemia may be due to:
- 1.A diet too low in iron
- 2. Heavy bleeding from an injury
- 3. Heavy menstrual bleeding









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REPORT

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Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male

Referred by : Dr. SELF

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Primary Sample : Whole Blood

Sample Tested In : Serum

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Sample ID : A0933909

Reg. No : 0312409030003

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

0					
Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Folic Acid (Vitamin B9)	17.4	ng/mL	Deficient:0.35-3.37 Indeterminate:3.38-5.38 Normal:>5.38	CLIA	

Interpretation:

Folic acid is a type of B vitamin. This test is done to check for folic acid deficiency.

Folic acid helps form red blood cells and produce DNA that stores genetic codes. Taking the right amount of folic acid before and during pregnancy helps prevent neural tube defects, such as spina bifida.

Women who are pregnant or planning to become pregnant should take at least 600 micrograms (mcg) of folic acid every day. Some women may need to take more if they have a history of neural tube defects in earlier pregnancies.

Lower-than-normal folic acid levels may indicate:

- Poor diet
- · Malabsorption syndrome (for example, celiac sprue)
- Malnutrition

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 01:54 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	1.04	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Jaffes Kinetic
Urea-Serum	20.9	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Calculated
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	9.75	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	9.38		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	7.5	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase
Sodium	143	mmol/L	135-150	ISE Direct
Potassium	3.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.0	ISE Direct
Chloride	101	mmol/L	94-110	ISE Direct

Interpretation

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	8.0	mg/dL	0.1-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.6	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	19	U/L	15-37	IFCC UV Assay
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	28	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	76	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	29	U/L	15-85	IFCC
Protein - Total	7.5	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	4.5	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)
Globulin	3	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	1.5	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

0.68

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***

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SGOT/SGPT Ratio











Lab Address: - # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

Mathad

REPOR1

: Mr. CH MADHUSUDHAN Name Sample ID : A0933909

Age/Gender : 45 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312409030003

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Sep-2024 08:39 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood : 03-Sep-2024 11:02 AM Received On

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Sep-2024 01:54 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80) Unite

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Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)					
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	112.80	ng/dL	70-204	CLIA	
T4 (Thyroxine)	9.9	μg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA	
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	9.34	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

Toet Name

T3 (Triiodothyronine):		T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL			Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng	/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.











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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SPL MALE HEALTH CHECK PROFILE:(80)

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
Iron Profile-I					
Iron(Fe)	113	μg/dL	65-175	Ferrozine	
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	322	μg/dL	250-450	Ferrozine	
Transferrin	225.17	mg/dL	215-365	Calculated	
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	35.09	%	20-50	Calculated	
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	209	μg/dL	110 - 370	FerroZine	

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high
- Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***

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REPORT

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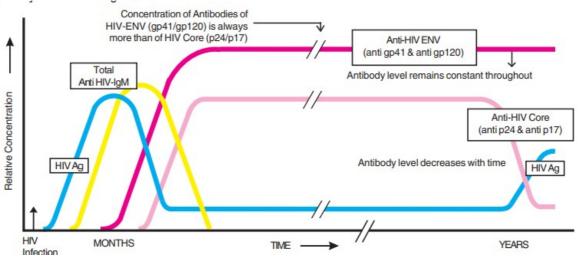
Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method	
HIV (1& 2) Antibody	0.26	S/Co	< 1.00 : Negative > 1.00 : Positive	ELISA	

Interpretation

- Non Reactive result implies that antibodies to HIV 1 / 2 have not been detected in the sample. This means the patient has either not been exposed to HIV 1 / 2 infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levelsof antibodies. Hence a Non Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HIV 1 / 2.
- Pre and Post test counseling to be done by the concerned referring doctor. The sensitivity and specificity of this test has been determined by National HIV Reference Centers of Govt. of India and WHO collaborating Centers, using various other test panels."
- Reactive samples by ELISA Method are confirmed by 2 other supplemental tests for confirm of HIV infection as per NACO guidelines.
- All patients' reports inderminate should be repeated with a second sample taken 14-28 days. In case the serological results continue to be inderminate the sample should be subject to western blot for confirmation.



Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***







DR. RUTURAJ MANIKLAL KOLHAPURE MD, MICROBIOLOGIST