

REPORT

Name	: Mr. N DEVENDHAR	Sample ID	: A0933668
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312409040006
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-Sep-2024 09:04 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-Sep-2024 12:54 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 04-Sep-2024 04:06 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
C-Reactive protein-(CRP)	9.9	mg/L	Upto:6.0	Immunoturbidimetry

Interpretation:

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

*** End Of Report ***



Dr. Vaishnavi
DR. VAISHNAVI
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

REPORT

Name	: Mr. N DEVENDHAR	Sample ID	: A0933667
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312409040006
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-Sep-2024 09:04 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-Sep-2024 12:54 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 04-Sep-2024 02:26 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
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Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	9	mm/hr	10 or less	Westergren method
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Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process.It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.

*** End Of Report ***

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Swannabala - M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

REPORT

Name	: Mr. N DEVENDHAR	Sample ID	: A0933667
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312409040006
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-Sep-2024 09:04 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-Sep-2024 12:54 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 04-Sep-2024 02:05 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
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Complete Blood Count (CBC)

Haemoglobin (Hb)	14.2	g/dL	13-17	Cynmeth Method
RBC Count	5.08	10 ¹² /L	4.5-5.5	Cell Impedance
Total WBC Count	4.4	10 ⁹ /L	4.0-10.0	Impedance
Platelet Count (PLT)	303	10 ⁹ /L	150-410	Cell Impedance
Haematocrit (HCT)	46.0	%	40-50	Calculated
MCV	91	fl	81-101	Calculated
MCH	28.0	pg	27-32	Calculated
MCHC	30.9	g/dL	32.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW-CV	13.2	%	11.6-14.0	Calculated

Differential Count by Flowcytometry /Microscopy

Neutrophils	70	%	40-70	Cell Impedance
Lymphocytes	20	%	20-40	Cell Impedance
Monocytes	06	%	2-10	Microscopy
Eosinophils	04	%	1-6	Microscopy
Basophils	00	%	1-2	Microscopy

Smear

WBC	Within Normal Limits	
RBC	Normocytic normochromic	
Platelets	Adequate.	Microscopy



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DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

REPORT

Name	: Mr. N DEVENDHAR	Sample ID	: A0590935
Age/Gender	: 42 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312409040006
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 04-Sep-2024 09:04 AM
Primary Sample	:	Received On	: 04-Sep-2024 12:54 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine	Reported On	: 04-Sep-2024 01:45 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
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Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Colour	Pale Yellow	Straw to light amber
Appearance	Clear	Clear

Chemical Examination

Glucose	Negative	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Protein	Absent	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Bilirubin (Bile)	Negative	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Urobilinogen	Negative	Negative	Ehrlichs reagent
Ketone Bodies	Negative	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Specific Gravity	1.025	1.000 - 1.030	Strip Reflectance
Blood	Negative	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Reaction (pH)	6.0	5.0 - 8.5	Reagent Strip Reflectance
Nitrites	Negative	Negative	Strip Reflectance
Leukocyte esterase	Negative	Negative	Reagent Strip Reflectance

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells	02-03	/hpf	00-05	Microscopy
R.B.C.	Nil	/hpf	Nil	Microscopic
Epithelial Cells	01-02	/hpf	00-05	Microscopic
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopic
Bacteria	Nil		Nil	
Budding Yeast Cells	Nil		Absent	Microscopy



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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 04-Sep-2024 12:54 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 04-Sep-2024 04:01 PM
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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
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Calcium	9.02	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	Arsenazo
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Comments:

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

*** End Of Report ***

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Lipid Profile				
Cholesterol Total	133.4	mg/dL	< 200	CHOD-POD
Triglycerides-TGL	254.4	mg/dL	< 150	GPO-POD
Cholesterol-HDL	42	mg/dL	40-60	Direct
Cholesterol-LDL	40.52	mg/dL	< 100	Calculated
Cholesterol- VLDL	50.88	mg/dL	7-35	Calculated
Non HDL Cholesterol	91.4	mg/dL	< 130	Calculated
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	3.18	%	0-4.0	Calculated
HDL / LDL Ratio	1.04			
LDL/HDL Ratio	0.96	%	0-3.5	Calculated

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid disorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides in (mg/dL)	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal	-----	-----		100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High	-----	>or=500		Adult: >or=190 -----	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Kidney Profile-KFT				
Creatinine -Serum	0.99	mg/dL	0.70-1.30	Jaffes Kinetic
Urea-Serum	17.2	mg/dL	12.8-42.8	Calculated
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	8.06	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	Calculated
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	8.14		6 - 22	
Uric Acid	5.24	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	Uricase
Sodium	144	mmol/L	135-150	ISE Direct
Potassium	4.2	mmol/L	3.5-5.0	ISE Direct
Chloride	103	mmol/L	94-110	ISE Direct

Interpretation:

- The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes through the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
Liver Function Test (LFT)				
Bilirubin(Total)	0.54	mg/dL	0.1-1.2	Diazo
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.30	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3	Diazo
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.24	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Calculated
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	49.0	U/L	15-37	IFCC UV Assay
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	41.3	U/L	0-55	IFCC with out (P-5-P)
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	78.3	U/L	30-120	Kinetic PNPP-AMP
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	90.8	U/L	15-85	IFCC
Protein - Total	6.98	g/dL	6.4-8.2	Biuret
Albumin	4.1	g/dL	3.4-5.0	Bromocresol Green (BCG)
Globulin	2.88	g/dL	2.0-4.2	Calculated
A:G Ratio	1.42	%	0.8-2.0	Calculated
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.19			

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases
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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

HEALTH PROFILE A-1 PACKAGE

Test Name	Results	Units	Ref. Range	Method
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Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)

T3 (Triiodothyronine)	91.94	ng/dL	70-204	CLIA
T4 (Thyroxine)	7.8	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	1.52	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	CLIA

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
		Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Correlate Clinically.

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*** End Of Report ***



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